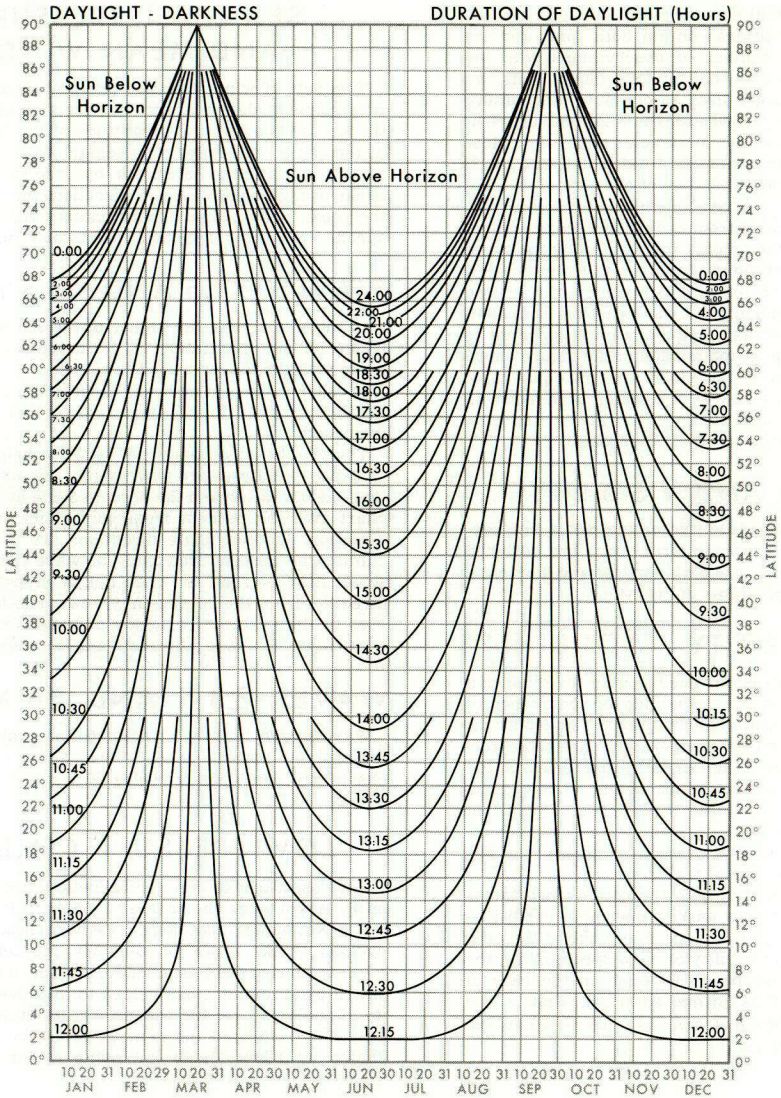
longitude. The data source was the U.S. Naval Observatory 1945, and is accurate for the entire 20th Century. Further details may be obtained from *The Daylighter* by the Navy Weather Research Facility (1960). Additional light (during twilight) may be usable for many purposes. Duration of daylight in high latitudes (north of about 60°) becomes increasingly dependent upon atmospheric conditions and refraction and there may be some departure from the values depicted on the chart.



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